CITY OF PANAMA CITY BEACH PLANNING BOARD

MEETING DATE: June 12, 2024
MEETING TIME: 1:00 P. M.

PLACE: <u>City of Panama City Beach City Hall</u>

AGENDA

| ITEM NO. 1 | Call to Order and Roll Call |
|------------|---|
| ITEM NO. 2 | Pledge of Allegiance – Mr. Painter |
| ITEM NO. 3 | Approval of April 10, 2024, Planning Board Meeting Minutes |
| ITEM NO. 4 | Public Comments-Non-Agenda Items Limited to Three Minutes |
| ITEM NO. 5 | Bay County Transportation Planning Organization- Project Priorities Presentation |
| ITEM NO. 6 | Comprehensive Plan- Sanitary Sewer Element |
| ITEM NO. 7 | Status Update: Variances, Conditional Uses, and Planned Unit Developments (PUDs) |
| ITEM NO. 8 | Code Enforcement Update |

All interested persons are invited to attend and to present information for the Board's consideration. Further information may be obtained from the Building & Planning Department at 233-5100. Anyone not appearing in person may submit written comments to the Building & Planning Department at 116 South Arnold Road, Panama City Beach, Florida 32413, any time prior to the stated meeting time. All comments received will be considered before final action is taken. If a person decides to appeal a decision of the Planning Board, a record of the proceedings will be needed. Such person will need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based. Any person requiring a special accommodation at this meeting because of a disability or physical impairment should contact the Lynne Fasone, City Clerk at City Hall, 17007 Panama City Beach Parkway, Panama City Beach, Florida 32413 or by phone at (850) 233-5100. If you are hearing impaired and you possess TDD equipment, you may contact the City Clerk using the

Florida Dual Party Relay system which can be reached at (800) 955-8771 (TDD). Notice is hereby provided that one or more members of the City Council or other City boards may attend and speak at the meeting.

ITEM NO. 5





TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ORGANIZATION



- Transportation Planning
 Organization, is a committee of local
 government officials who make
 transportation related decisions at a
 regional level.
- Urbanized areas with populations of 50,000 or more are required by federal regulations to establish a continuing, cooperative and comprehensive transportation planning process.

1980 Census established an MPO or a TPO in the Panama City Urbanized Area.

TPO BOARD STRUCTURE



TPO BOARD

CAC Citizens Advisory Committee

TCC Technical Coordinating Committee

TPO BOARD MEMBERSHIP

- **5 -** Bay County Commissioners
- **5 -** Panama City Commissioners
- **2 -** Callaway Commissioners
- **2 -** Lynn Haven Commissioners
- **2 -** Panama City Beach Council Members
- **1 –** Springfield Commissioner
- **1 -** Parker City Council Member
- 1 Mexico Beach City Council Member

WHAT DOES THE TPO PRODUCE?

Unified Planning Work Program

Pedestrian-Bicycle Plan

Congestion Management Process

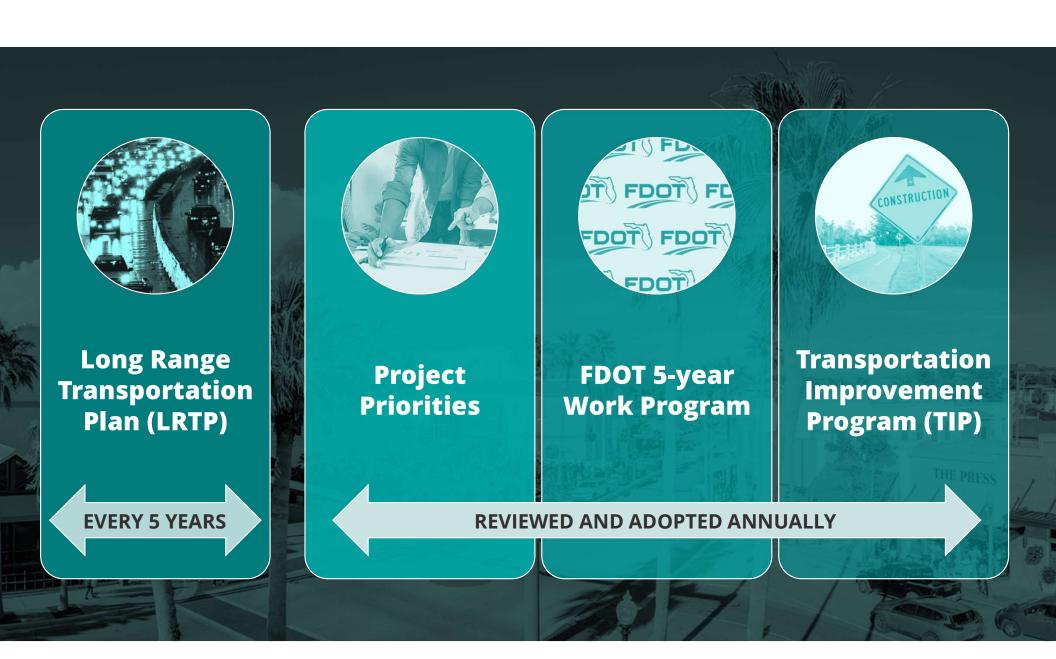
Public Involvement Plan

Long Range Transportation Plan

Transportation Improvement Program

Project Priorities









CAPACITY PROJECTS

Derived from the 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan



COMPLETED PROJECTS

Removed from the List of Projects Once Completed



PROJECTS SCHEDULED FOR CONSTRUCTION IN FIRST THREE YEARS

Moved to the Fully Funded List



NEW PROJECTS

Placed at the End of the Project Priorities List



PROJECTS IN THESE CATEGORIES ARE RANKED BASED ON TPO-APPROVED CRITERIA







PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS are listed by potential grants and furnished by the TPO's public transportation staff in consultation with regional public transportation provider.



AVIATION PROJECTS are furnished by the Northwest Florida Beaches International Airport and Port Projects are furnished by the Port of Panama City.

PROJECT PRIORITY SECTIONS W



TABLES 1 – 2

Capacity Projects



TABLE 3

Transportation System Management Projects

TABLE 4

Transportation
Alternatives Projects

TABLE 5

Public Transportation Related Projects

TABLE 6

Aviation Projects

TABLE 7

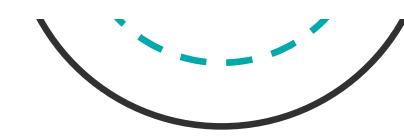
Port Projects

TABLE 8

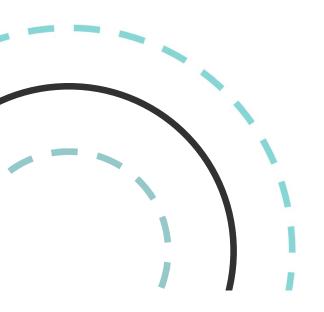
SUN Trail Projects





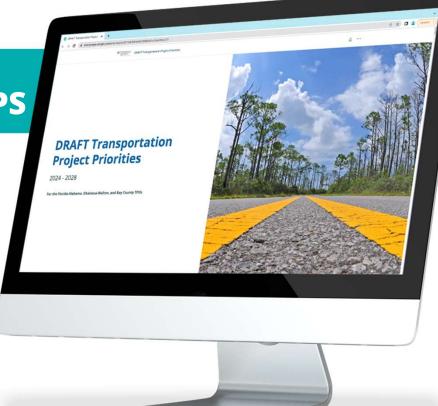


VISIT OUR WEBSITE WWW.ECRC.ORG/TPOPRIORITIESMAPS



OR SCAN THE QR CODE







- Survey
 Physical Copies and Digital
- Interactive Map
- Emails to Media and Interested Parties
- Community Group Presentations

- Social Media
 Geotargeting and
 Demographic Profiles
- Public Workshop
 With Option For Virtual Participation

THE PRESS

Virtual Open House



Priorities will be presented for adoption by TPO and Advisory Committees

JUNE 26, 2024

JULY 1, 2024

Adopted Priorities need to be sent to the Florida Department of Transportation



ITEM NO. 6



CITY OF PANAMA CITY BEACH AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

| 1. DEPARTMENT MAKING REQUEST/NAME: | | | 2. MEETING DATE: | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3. REQUESTED MOTION/AC | TION: | | | | | | | |
| 4. AGENDA PRESENTATION | 5. IS THIS ITEM BUDGETED (IF APPLICABLE)? YES NO NO N/A DETAILED BUDGET AMENDMENT ATTACHED YES NO N/A | | | | | | | |
| PUBLIC HEARING CONSENT REGULAR | | ORITY conomic Development ransportation | Quality of Life N/A Attractive Community | | | | | |
| 7. BACKGROUND: WHY IS TH | IE ACTION NECESSARY? <u>WHAT</u> GC | OAL WILL BE ACHIE | VED? | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
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ENROLLED

1

CS/CS/HB1379, Engrossed 1

2023 Legislature

2 An act relating to environmental protection; amending 3 s. 163.3177, F.S.; revising the required components of 4 a local government comprehensive plan capital 5 improvements element and general sanitary sewer, solid 6 waste, drainage, potable water, and natural 7 groundwater aquifer recharge element; making technical 8 changes; requiring the update of comprehensive plans 9 by a specified date; providing applicability; amending s. 253.025, F.S.; increasing the estimated value 10 11 threshold of land acquisition agreements that are 12 required to be submitted to and approved by the Board 13 of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund; 14 removing the requirement that agreements to acquire 15 initial lands for Florida Forever projects be 16 submitted to and approved by the board of trustees; 17 increasing the estimated value threshold for the 18 appraisal of certain land acquisitions; requiring, 19 rather than authorizing, the Department of Environmental Protection to disclose appraisal reports 20 to private landowners or their representatives during 21 22 negotiations for certain land acquisitions; removing a 23 provision requiring private landowners to maintain 24 confidentiality of such reports; specifying the authority of the board of trustees or the department, 25

Page 1 of 95

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

ENROLLED

CS/CS/HB1379, Engrossed 1

2023 Legislature

requirements for the area. The element may be a detailed engineering plan including a topographic map depicting areas of prime groundwater recharge.

- 1. Each local government shall address in the data and analyses required by this section those facilities that provide service within the local government's jurisdiction. Local governments that provide facilities to serve areas within other local government jurisdictions shall also address those facilities in the data and analyses required by this section, using data from the comprehensive plan for those areas for the purpose of projecting facility needs as required in this subsection. For shared facilities, each local government shall indicate the proportional capacity of the systems allocated to serve its jurisdiction.
- 2. The element <u>must</u> shall describe the problems and needs and the general facilities that will be required for solution of the problems and needs, including correcting existing facility deficiencies. The element <u>must</u> shall address coordinating the extension of, or increase in the capacity of, or upgrade in treatment of facilities to meet future needs; prioritizing advanced waste treatment while maximizing the use of existing facilities and discouraging urban sprawl; conserving potable water resources; and protecting the functions of natural groundwater recharge areas and natural drainage features.
 - 3. Within the local government's jurisdiction, for any

Page 9 of 95

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

ENROLLED

CS/CS/HB1379, Engrossed 1

2023 Legislature

226 development of more than 50 residential lots, whether built or 227 unbuilt, with more than one onsite sewage treatment and disposal system per 1 acre, the element must consider the feasibility of 228 229 providing sanitary sewer services within a 10-year planning horizon and must identify the name and location of the 230 231 wastewater facility that could receive sanitary sewer flows 232 after connection; the capacity of the facility and any associated transmission facilities; the projected wastewater 233 234 flow at that facility for the next 20 years, including expected 235 future new construction and connections of onsite sewage 236 treatment and disposal systems to sanitary sewer; and a timeline for the construction of the sanitary sewer system. An onsite 237 238 sewage treatment and disposal system is presumed to exist on a 239 parcel if sanitary sewer services are not available at or 240 adjacent to the parcel boundary. Each comprehensive plan must be 241 updated to include this element by July 1, 2024, and as needed 242 thereafter to account for future applicable developments. This 243 subparagraph does not apply to a local government designated as 244 a rural area of opportunity under s. 288.0656. 245 Within 18 months after the governing board approves an 4. 246 updated regional water supply plan, the element must incorporate 247 the alternative water supply project or projects selected by the 248 local government from those identified in the regional water 249 supply plan pursuant to s. 373.709(2)(a) or proposed by the local government under s. 373.709(8)(b). If a local government 250

Page 10 of 95

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SECTION 7

SANITARY SEWER, SOLID WASTE, STORMWATER DRAINAGE, POTABLE WATER AND AQUIFER RECHARGE

1. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this section is to analyze and review present facilities providing services for sanitary sewer, solid waste, stormwater drainage and potable water in order to plan for projected growth. The existing sewer system is shown on Exhibit 6; and Exhibit 7 shows the existing water system.

2. UTILITIES SUB-ELEMENTS.

A. Sanitary Sewer Sub-Element

Current and Future Conditions

Panama City Beach sanitary sewer facilities are comprised of three components performing basic functions of collection, treatment, and disposal of sewage. As shown in Exhibit 6, the collection system is composed of a network of collection lines, pumping stations and transmission mains which transport wastewater to the treatment facility.

The treatment plant is the component of the sanitary sewer facility (Wastewater Treatment Plant 1) whose function is to remove solid and organic materials from the wastewater prior to disposal. Treated wastewater or reclaimed water is reused in either of two means. One method is pumping into the City's reclaimed water system where it is used for irrigation of larger public properties, common landscaped areas along rights of way and commercial and residential lawns. The second means of reusing reclaimed water is rehydration of wetlands within the City's 2,900-acre Conservation Park. Residuals or biosolids resulting from the treatment process are further treated and disposed of by land application on approved sites for soil enhancement. Although previously there were a few other private wastewater treatment facilities within the City's franchised service area, they have since been decommissioned and all their tributary wastewater redirected to Wastewater Treatment Plant 1.

Wastewater Treatment Plant 1 (WWTP 1) has a rated capacity of 14 million gallons per day (MGD) maximum three-month average basis and 10 MGD on an annual average basis. Given the seasonal nature of the City's sanitary sewer customer base, the three-month moving maximum average daily flow criteria is the most critical capacity parameter.

Historic growth rates for the City's service area have averaged around three percent but this rate

has increased in recent years. For projection purposes, a four (4) percent annual average rate of growth in wastewater generation within the City's service area (from the Hathaway Bridge to the West Bay Bridge to the Phillips Inlet Bridge). Accordingly, the City is in the planning phase for either expanding WWTP 1 or development of a second wastewater treatment plant and has acquired the site for this facility. Treatment capacity for this new facility will be developed in phases to coincide with growth. Should development of a second facility be selected, both treatment facilities will be interconnected to allow for load sharing and system redundancy.

Septic tanks were once a widely used method of wastewater disposal within the City limits. Six large subdivisions El Centro, Gulf Highlands I, Gulf Highlands II, Bid-A-Wee, Bahama Beach and Open Sands were all originally developed using septic systems. All these subdivisions have since been retrofitted by the City with gravity sanitary sewer and reclaimed water systems. These improvements were funded by a grant from the State of Florida.

The City has the operational responsibility for the collection, treatment and disposal of wastewater generated within the City limits. The geographic service area of the City wastewater treatment system serves areas predominantly populated with residential and commercial establishments. The predominant commercial uses are motels, restaurants, nightclubs and amusements. Light industrial use is small but growing at this time. There is no heavy industry use.

TABLE 1
HISTORICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM
MAXIMUM MONTH AVERAGE DAILY USE

| MGD |
|--------------|
| 8.20 |
| 11.57* |
| 8.63 |
| 8.60 |
| 8.89 |
| 10.32 |
| 9.13 |
| 9.35 |
| <u>10.28</u> |
| <u>10.95</u> |
| <u>11.24</u> |
| <u>10.94</u> |
| |

*Un-named heavy rainfall event July 2^{nd} through 5^{th}

SOURCE: Panama City Beach Utility Department

TABLE 2
PROJECTED MAXIMUM MONTH AVERAGE DAILY WASTEWATER
PRODUCTION

| | <u>2025</u> | <u>2040</u> | <u>2050</u> |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Permanent Residents: | <u>21,000</u> | <u>28,000</u> | <u>34,000</u> |
| Other Service Area Residents: | <u>34,500</u> | <u>46,000</u> | <u>56,000</u> |
| Tourist Population (daily avg): | <u>52,000</u> | <u>64,000</u> | <u>72,000</u> |
| Total Population: | <u>107,500</u> | <u>138,000</u> | <u>162,000</u> |
| Population Usage (MGD): | <u>7.50</u> | <u>9.67</u> | <u>11.34</u> |
| Non-Residential Usage (MGD): | <u>2.01</u> | <u>2.48</u> | <u>2.79</u> |
| Total Usage (MGD): | <u>9.51</u> | <u>12.15</u> | <u>25.95</u> |
| Remaining Capacity | <u>4.49</u> | <u>1.85</u> | <u>13.0</u> * |

Source: 2023 Updated Capacity Analysis Report for City of Panama City Beach Wastewater Treatment Facility #1, Infrastructure Solution Services, Inc., June 2023, and the City of Panama City Beach Planning Division.

Existing Facility Conditions

The general performance of the existing wastewater treatment system is good. Collection system maintenance remains relatively low given the age of the collection lines. The City continues to refurbish pump stations based upon age and condition in accordance with a prioritized capital improvement program. Impact on Natural Resources

Presently, the City's permit limits allow discharge of up to 14 MGD of reclaimed water to the receiving wetlands at the Conservation Park on an annual average basis. In addition, the approved City reuse franchise area provides for up to 10 MGD of reclaimed water to be reused for irrigation. Application of reclaimed water to the Conservation Park wetlands provides for rehydration and re-establishment of the original hydroperiod of the wetlands prior to alteration for silviculture. Uplands within the Conservation Park are being managed through selective thinning, planting and prescribed burns programs to reestablish the original long leaf pine habitat. This 2900-acre Conservation Park is set aside for preservation, recreation and public education. Discussions are ongoing regarding the City assuming ownership of a neighboring 700-acre parcel to increase Conservation Park and ideally adding reuse capacity.

^{*}Scenario of Re-rating WWTP 1 to 15 MGD and development of WWTP 2 rated at 12 MGD

The City's reuse utility provides an alternate water supply for irrigation uses saving potable water resources and reducing demands on supply. Materials screened from the wastewater (i.e. rags, etc.) are dewatered and disposed of in a properly permitted landfill. Similarly, biosolids/residuals from the treatment process are further treated and applied to agricultural lands in accordance with the applicable regulations as a soil amendment.

A recently completed study determined that with minor improvements, WWTP 1 can be re-rated from 14 to 15 MGD. Capacity gained through this program will provide time for development of a second expansion of WWTP 1 up to 8 MGD to 23 MGD or development of the first two of three treatment trains at WWTP 2 with a rated capacity of 8 MGD. In the second scenario, WWTP 2 would be developed at a site located in the northern portion of the City's Commerce Park. Effluent and residuals are to be disposed of in the same fashion as currently practiced for WWTP 1. A conceptual schedule for these programs is as follows:

| | Start Date | <u>End</u> |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Design 1 MGD rerate expansion from 14 to 15 MGD | Summer 2024 | Fall 2026 |
| Advertise & Award | Fall 2026 | Winter 2026 |
| Construction & Startup | Winter 2026 | Fall 2029 |
| | | |
| Design of 8 MGD expansion from 15 MGD to 23 MGD | Summer 2026 | Fall 2028 |
| Advertise & Award | Fall 2028 | Winter 2026 |
| Construction & Startup | Winter 2026 | Fall 2031 |

Septic Tanks

Rule 64E-6, F.A.C., presently regulates the installation and use of septic tanks in the Panama City Beach area. This Rule outlines the suitability of soils and use of septic tanks. Using these criteria, the area contains soils which are suitable and unsuitable for septic tank systems. The General Soils Map Number 6 describes the soil types and characteristics. The Beach Service Area is composed of soil type 1 (Kureb, Resota, Mandarin), type 4 (Hurricane, Chipley, Albany), type 5 (Pottsburg, Leon, Rutlege), type 8 (Rutlege, Allanton, Pickney), and type 9 (Bayvi, Dirego). All five soil types are identified as being primarily unsuitable for septic tank systems. Properties and features that affect the absorption of the effluent are permeability, depth to seasonal highwater table, susceptibility to flooding and depth to hardpan. Also, excessive slope or gravel may not adequately filter the effluent. Failure of some septic systems were formerly reported in the Gulf Highlands I and II subdivisions which are located on the eastern and western sides of State Road 79 and north of Panama City Beach Parkway. These subdivisions have since been retrofitted with sanitary sewer and reuse. There are other planned system expansions to eliminate septic tanks in the South Lagoon and Laguna Beach areas in the unincorporated portions of the utility service area.

In reviewing soil suitability standards, it is advisable that alternatives to septic tank installation and use should be investigated in all areas of the beach service area.

Currently, there are 1,630 single family lots located in developed areas of the Panama City Beach City Limits that do not have active sewer accounts. Assuming a standard flow rate of 300 gpd per lot, the additional sewer demand for these lots would be 0.49 MGD. This is within the current capacity for the Panama City Beach WWTF #1 and would not require any additional treatment capacity. Currently, 120 lots are unsewered and have no transmission lines available. These lots would require approximately 3,000 LF of sewer extension. There are 60 lots adjacent to gravity sewer mains that would require lateral service line construction to be served.

GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

GOAL: Provide adequate facilities required to meet wastewater needs in the Panama City Beach service area.

OBJECTIVE 1: City shall achieve and maintain the adopted level of service standards for sanitary sewer facilities.

POLICY 1.1: Panama City Beach hereby adopts 80 gallons per capita per day as a level of service standard that will be maintained for sanitary sewer facilities for permanent residents and 60 gallons per capita per day for seasonal visitors.

<u>POLICY 1.2</u>: When actual plus committed flow is 90% of the average annual daily flow permit and design capacity for the existing wastewater facility for Panama City Beach, the City will develop and implement an expansion program that will result in expansion of plant facilities or reconstruction to accommodate projected needs prior to the time the design capacity is reached.

POLICY 1.3: The City will track existing and committed capacities to ensure that capacity is available in the future at the level of service standard.

OBJECTIVE 2: The City will continue to address correcting any existing facility deficiencies.

<u>POLICY 2.1</u>: The City will address any existing facility deficiencies by investigating possible inflow and infiltration problems and refurbishing pump stations as needed in the existing wastewater collection lines.

OBJECTIVE 3: The City will address coordinating the extension of, or increase in, the capacity of facilities to meet future needs.

<u>POLICY 3.1</u>: The City will evaluate the sewer system on an annual basis and shall upgrade, expand, or replace its sewage facilities as determined by such evaluation to accommodate population demand and ensure operational efficiency.

OBJECTIVE 4: Upon adoption of this Plan, consider developing additional procedures for providing sewage capacity as a means of discouraging urban sprawl and promoting "in-fill" of vacant urban areas.

<u>POLICY 4.1</u>: The City shall provide sewage capacity as applicable to promote the redevelopment objectives of the Housing section and shall consider provision of sewer in these areas to be a priority activity.

OBJECTIVE 5: Maintain and operate the sewage system in an efficient and cost-effective manner.

<u>POLICY 5.1</u>: Through Land Development Regulations, the City shall require that developers provide sewage collection lines constructed to City standards as a part of proposed new developments and that such lines be connected to the Panama City Beach wastewater treatment system.

<u>POLICY 5.2</u>: Priorities for replacement, correction, or expansion of the facilities shall be as follows:

- A. Correction of identified existing deficiencies.
- B. Replacement of facilities to allow for continued operation or design efficiency.
- C. Expansion of facilities.

<u>OBJECTIVE 6</u>: Upon adoption of this Plan, the City will coordinate the extension or increase in capacity of the facilities to meet future needs.

POLICY 6.1: All extensions of the sewer system shall be constructed in conformance with Chapter 17-6, F.A.C., as it may be revised and any applicable standards for facilities which are to be operated and maintained by the City.

- <u>POLICY 6.2</u>: Average peak flow design capacity for the City collection system shall be as specified in Chapter 62 -6, FAC, as amended or any applicable standards for facilities which are to be operated and maintained by the City.
- <u>POLICY 6.3</u>: Average flow design capacity for the wastewater treatment system shall be as specified in the operating permit issued by the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation.
- <u>POLICY 6.4:</u> Improvements to the wastewater treatment facilities will be funded through a combination of user fees, impact fees, bonds, state revolving funds, and grants.
- OBJECTIVE 7: The City will continue to reduce the number of septic tanks currently in the city limits and limit the number of future septic tanks.
- <u>POLICY 7.1</u>: Use of a septic system must discontinue pursuant to S. 381.0065, F.S., once a sanitary sewer system becomes available.
- POLICY 7.2: The term available@ shall be that as defined in S. 381.0065, F.S.
- <u>POLICY 7.3:</u> The extension of reuse lines and sanitary sewer lines into unsewered subdivisions will be funded by a combination of user fees, impact fees, bonds, state revolving loans, and grants.
- POLICY 7.4: The City's reuse system will continue to be expanded as such projects become financially feasible to further the City's potable water conservation efforts.
- OBJECTIVE 8: The City will plan and prepare to provide sanitary sewer services for expected and future new construction and connection of onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems to sanitary sewer.
- POLICY 8.1: The City will continue to maintain the current capacity for the City's Wastewater Treatment Facility #1 and will continue to plan for expansions to meet the future needs of residential development.

ITEM NO. 7

Variance & Conditional Use

| | | | Application | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------|---|
| Property Address | Parcel Number | Applicant | Туре | Description | Approval Date | Status |
| | | | | | | |
| NW Corner of Hutchison & Beth St. | 34217-050-000 | Bay County School District | Conditional Use | Accessory Use on a Parcel Zoned R-1C (Parking Lot) | 5/11/2022 Comple | |
| | | | | | D.O. Ext through | ment Order Issued 10/11/2022; ension Granted 4/10/2023- 10/11/2023 - Development |
| 12610 Front Beach Road | 34068-000-000 | Kukla RV Resort, LLC | Conditional Use | Develop 29.2- Acre RV Park | 1/13/2021 Order N | ow Expired |
| 8746 Thomas Drive (8744) | 30191-000-000 | Fun Pass Entertainment | Conditional Use | Operate as a Club | 6/9/2021 Comple | ta. |
| 8740 Momas Drive (8744) | 30191-000-000 | Tull Fass Elitertallillelit | Conditional OSE | Operate as a Otab | 0/9/2021 Comple | 10 |
| 16420 Front Beach Road | 33680-000-000 | Scenic Highway Partners LLC | Variance | Reduce Required 35' Minimum Distance Between Driveways to 21.8' (Variance of 13.2') | 4/12/2023 Under R | eview for Plat |
| 102 East Gulf Court | 33918-000-000 | Rodney Parish | Variance | Reduce Required 20' Rear Setback to an 18'4" (Variance of 1'8") | 12/14/2022 Comple | te |
| 13951 Panama City Beach Parkway | 33830-306-000 | Nissim Afuta | Variance | Access Proposed Commercial Development Across From a Single Family Residential Zoned Parcel | 100% In 2/10/2021 Order o | complete- No Development Building Permits |
| 17188 Front Beach Road | 32745-001-000 | Andrew Marshall | Variance | Allow the Finished Floor Elevation FFE to be based on the elevation of an adjacent private drive (Cabana Cay Circle) rather than on the elevation of an adjacent street (Front Beach Road) | Howie's month e | ment Order Application (Hungry) Expired- August 7, 2023 after 6 xtension was granted on 3- Development Order ion Now Expired |
| 17485 Front Beach Road | 38332-020-000 | Michael Heyden | Variance | Reduce Required 10' interior side setback from the eastern and western property lines to allow for a 5' side setback on each side | 7/8/2020 Comple | te |



Planned Unit Developments (PUDs)

| | | ludus shuus huus | OOM Davidanad | No | | | Datail 0 | O a manage time / | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------|--|--|----------------------|--|-------------|------------|---|
| PUD Name | Date Approved | Deadline | 90% Developed Deadline | Master Plan | Location | Dwelling Units | Retail & Services | Conservation/ Open | Recreation | Commercial | Notes |
| - Containe | | | | . turi | | Directing Cinto | | оро | TIOOTOURION | | |
| | | | | | West of Alf Coleman Road and North of | | | | | | Current location of Pineglen Motorcoach |
| Dudley Branum | | | | Х | Panama City Beach Parkway | | | | | | and RV Park |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Panama City Beach Parkway & Wild | | | | | | |
| East Lake Creek I PUD (Turtle Cove) | May 12, 2003 | May, 2007 | May, 2013 | | Heron Way | Single Family (31.1 acres) | 33.7 acres | | | | Turtle Cove Developed |
| | | | | | Nambaida af Hiskussu 00 (DOR DI(MN)) | Cingle Femily Detected (04 C4 care) | | | | | |
| | | | | | Northside of Highway 98 (PCB PKWY) immediately west of Downing St. | Single Family Detached (31.64 acres), Single Family Attached (13.23 acres), | | | | | Apartments Approved |
| East Lake Creek II PUD | June 9, 2021 | June 2025 | June 2031 | | intersection | Multi-family (31.45 acres) | 3.22 acres | 25.46 acres | | | but Not Constructed |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Panama City Beach Parkway & Ibis Lake | (max 10 dwelling units per acre) 15.98 | | | | | |
| Ibis Lake PUD | April 12, 2003 | April, 2007 | April, 2013 | | Drive | acres | 3.01 acres | 3.08 acres | 6.68 acres | | NOT CONSTRUCTED |
| | | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | Dayward fan Obard |
| | | | | | | | | 3.2 acres plus 26' Buffer Along Southern | | | Request for Short- Term Rentals Denied - |
| LaBorgata (Kelly Street) | August 8, 2005 | August, 2009 | August, 2015 | | Kelly Street South of PCB Parkway | 102 Townhomes (6.45 acres) | | Property Line | | 4.73 acres | No Current Action |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Provide 4.5 miles of |
| | | | | | | | | | | | trails/ Gulf Power Easement and Right of |
| Oak Grove PUD | May 23, 2006 | May, 2010 | May, 2016 | | North Clara Avenue | 28.73 acres (10 dwelling units per acre) | 13.4 (mixed use) | 67.07 acres | 2.15 acres | | Way = 11.49 acres |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | North Pier Park Drive & Phillip Griffits Jr | | | | | | Hotel, Apartments and N. Pier Park Drive |
| Parkside 2 PUD | February 20, 2017 | February, 2021 | February, 2027 | | Parkway | (max 360 multi-family units) 36 acres | 9.35 acres | 7.49 acres | | | Developed |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | North Pier Park Drive & Phillip Griffits Jr | Single Family (73.70 acres- 3.5 DU/acre), Multi-family (5.3 acres- 20 | | | | | Palmetto Trace |
| Parkside PUD | May 12, 2003 | May, 2007 | May, 2013 | | Parkway | DU/acre) | 12.62 acres | 25.48 acres | | | Developed |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | LaGrand Drive and Panama City Beach | | | | | | Apartments and Self- |
| Sunnyside PUD | September 12, 2005 | September, 2009 | September, 2015 | | Parkway | Multi-Family 9.97 acres | 2.41 acres | 7.99 acres | 1.58 acres | | Storage Developed |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Modification Approved |
| | | | | | | 146 Single Family, 48 Townhomes (46.8 | | | | | to Tapestry Park |
| Tapestry Park PUD | May 13, 2002 | May, 2006 | May, 2012 | | Clara Avenue & Hutchison Boulevard | acres) | 8.64 acres | 10.08 acres | | | Village 12/8/2021 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | South of Phillip Griffits Sr Parkway & east | | | | | | Medical Offices |
| Four Corners | July 8, 2020 | July, 2024 | July, 2030 | | and west sides of Hwy 79/ Arnold Rd | 60 acres | 77 acres | 27 acres | | | Constructed |

ITEM NO. 8



CODE ENFORCEMENT

April 16th – May 15th

Cases opened YTD: 563

Cases opened MTD: 142

Citations issued: 24

05 upland properties

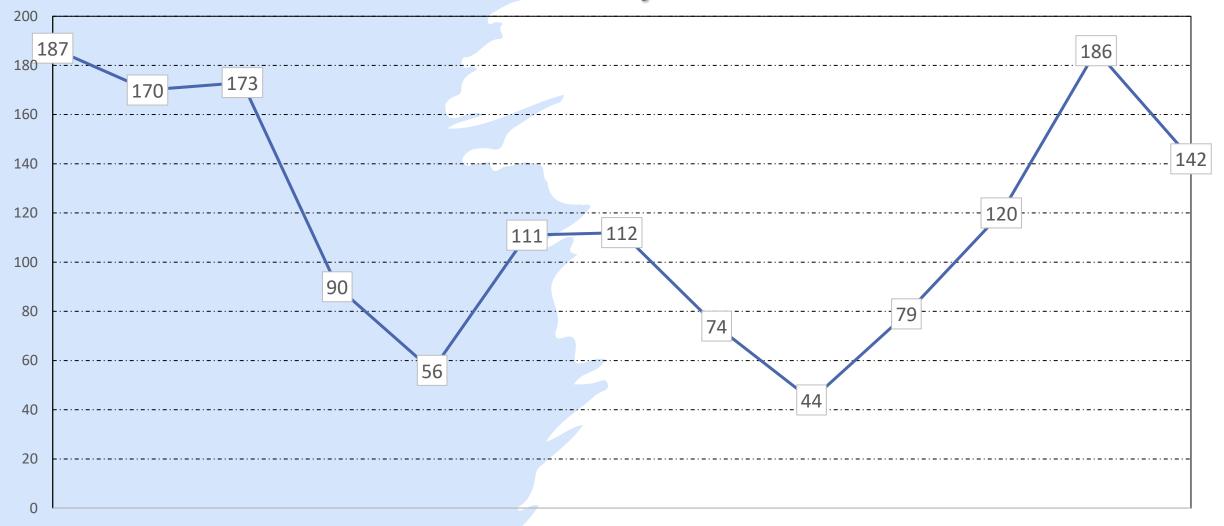
19 on the sandy beach

Fines collected: \$10,234

Fines not collected: \$8,050



Cases Opened

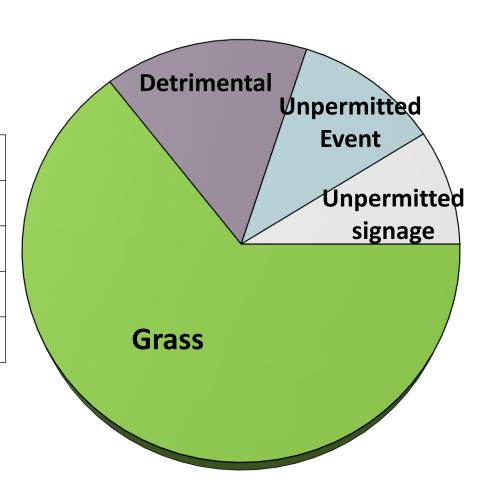


Apr/May May/Jun Jun/Jul Jul/Aug Aug/Sep Sep/Oct Oct/Nov Nov/Dec Dec/Jan Jan/Feb Feb/Mar Mar/April Apr/May

General Enforcement

(most common violations)

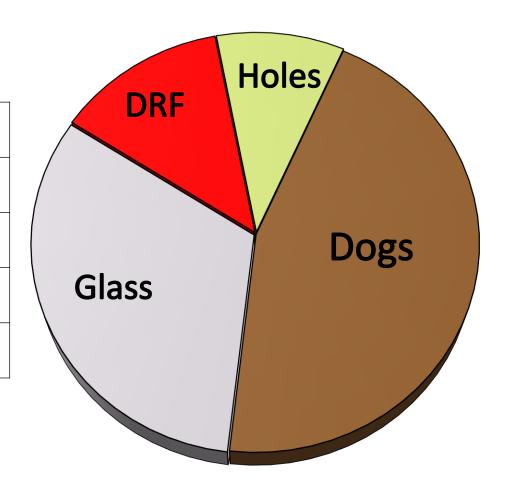
| Ordinance / Code | Description | Opened |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Code 15-18, 15-17 (6) | Tall grass | 29 |
| Code 15-18, 15-17 (3) | Detrimental Conditions | 7 |
| LDC/Ord | Unpermitted activities/events | 5 |
| LDC 5.07.02 | Unpermitted signage | 4 |



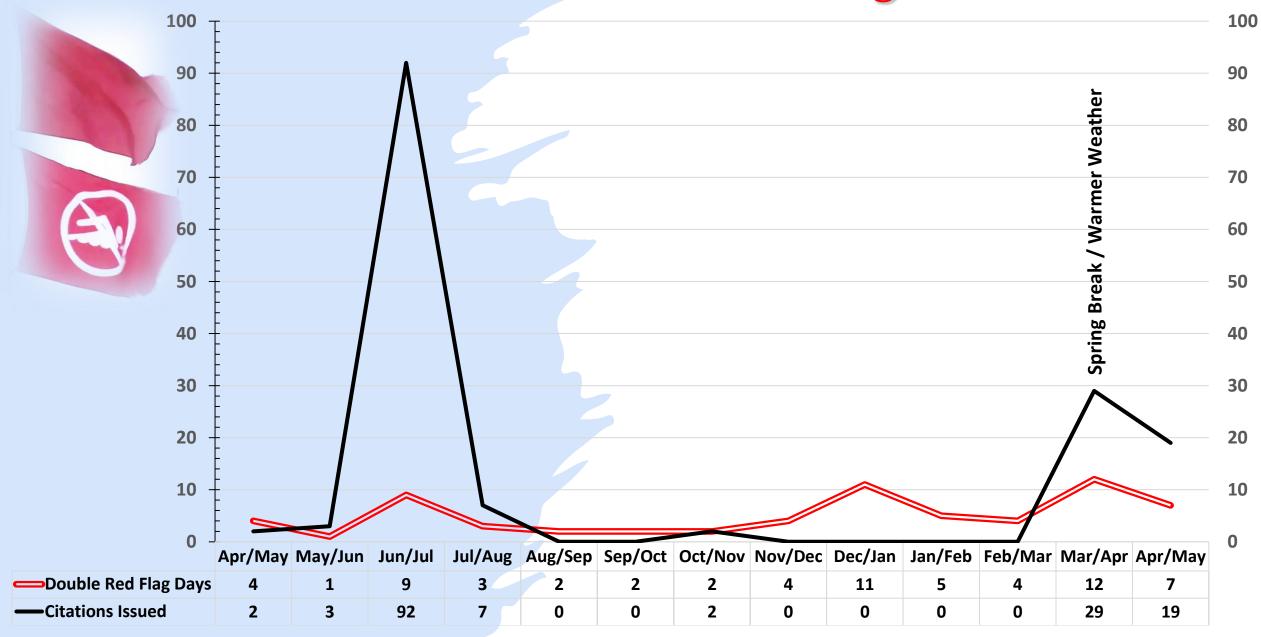
Sandy Beach Enforcement

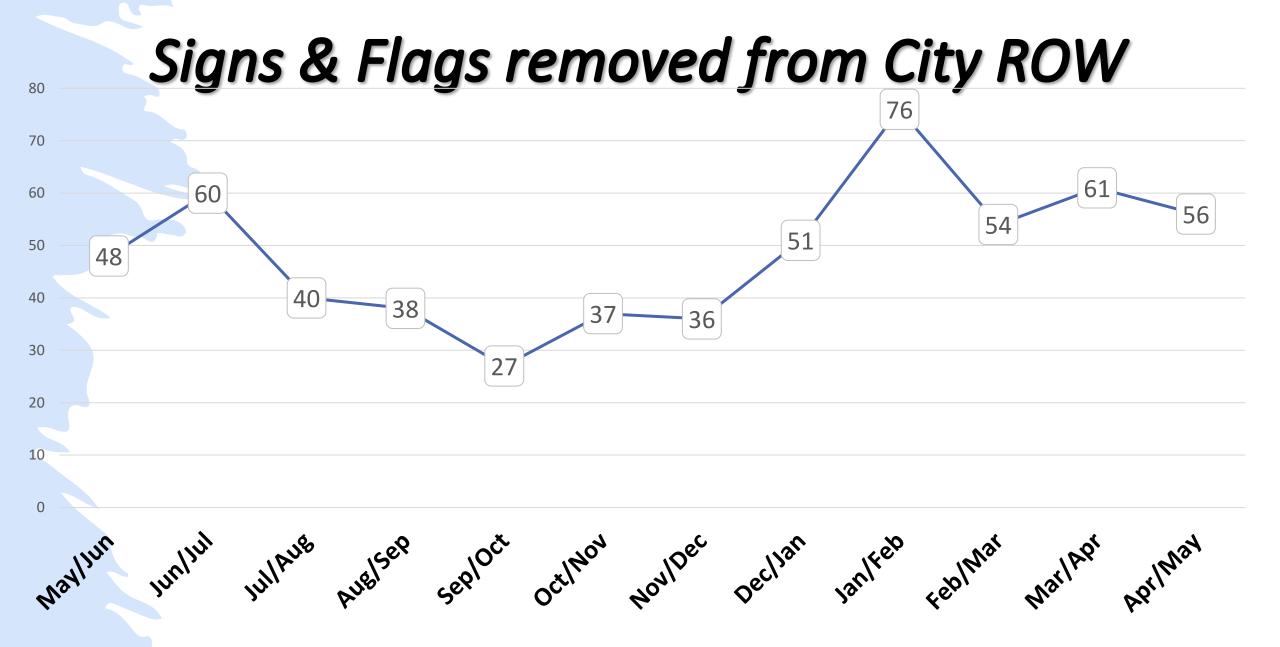
(most common violations)

| Ordinance / Code | Description | Opened | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| Code 7-9 | Dog on beach | 28 | | |
| Ord 7-12 | Double Red Flag | 20 | | |
| Code 7-2 | Glass on beach | 8 | | |
| Code 7-101 | Holes on beach | 6 | | |



Double Red Flag Stats







Serving the community better by

- Code Enforcement partnered well with other city departments and other agencies during Thunder Beach & Gulf Coast Salute Air Show to help provide a safe and enjoyable experience.
- Times of Double Red flags kept Code Enforcement and Beach Safety busy, educating and attempting to keep people safely out of hazardous waters.
- Our Code Enforcement Officers are trained and equipped to assist with medical calls, wildlife concerns, and to assist with locating lost persons on the sandy beach.





Questions?